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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/717,875	11/20/2003	Robert H. Feldmeier	706.003PA	9384	
25891	7590 07/13/2006		EXAMINER		
BERNHARD P. MOLLDREM, JR.			BECKER,	BECKER, DREW E	
224 HARRIS	SON STREET		ARTIBUT	DA DED AND (DED	
SUITE 200			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
SYRACUSE, NY 13202			1761		
			DATE MAILED: 07/13/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.



## Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
10/717,875	FELDMEIER, ROBERT H.		
Examiner	Art Unit		
Drew E. Becker	1761		

Before the Filing of all Appeal Brief	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Drew E. Becker	1761	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED <u>30 June 2006</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS APF	PLICATION IN CONDITION FOR A	LLOWANCE.	
1.  The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or or this application, applicant must timely file one of the follow places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Not a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliant time periods:	the same day as filing a Notice of wing replies: (1) an amendment, aff stice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in o	Appeal. To avoid aba idavit, or other evider compliance with 37 C	nce, which FR 41.31; or (3)
a) The period for reply expires <u>3</u> months from the mailing date	e of the final rejection.		
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire I	Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing	g date of the final rejecti	on.
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 7	06.07(f).		
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of ex under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b) NOTICE OF APPEAL	tension and the corresponding amount shortened statutory period for reply orig r than three months after the mailing da	of the fee. The appropri inally set in the final Offi	iate extension fee ce action; or (2) as
<ol> <li>The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp</li> </ol>	pliance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be	filed within two month	ns of the date of
filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exte a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of th	
<u>AMENDMENTS</u>			
<ol> <li>The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection,</li> <li>They raise new issues that would require further co</li> </ol>	nsideration and/or search (see NO		ecause
<ul> <li>(b) ☐ They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE belo</li> <li>(c) ☐ They are not deemed to place the application in below</li> </ul>	•	ducing or simplifying	the issues for
appeal; and/or	corresponding number of finally rei	acted claims	
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a NOTE: See Continuation Sheet. (See 37 CFR 1.1	· -	ected claims.	
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.1	` · · ·	Impliant Amondment	(DTOL 324)
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s)		impliant Americinent	(I TOL-524).
<ol> <li>Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s).</li> </ol>		timely filed amendme	ent canceling the
7.  For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is pro The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed:		ll be entered and an e	explanation of
Claim(s) objected to:			
Claim(s) rejected: <u>1-20</u> .		•	
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: <u>21-30</u> . AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE			
<ol> <li>The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good an was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).</li> </ol>			
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to of showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessar	overcome all rejections under appear	al and/or appellant fai	Is to provide a
<ol> <li>The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER</li> </ol>	=		•
<ol> <li>The request for reconsideration has been considered bu <u>See Continuation Sheet.</u></li> </ol>	t does NOT place the application in	n condition for allowar	nce because:
12.  Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s).	(PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper N	lo(s)	
13.  Other:		. 1	
	Drew	bed BECKER	
	D <del>REW</del> PRIMARY	BECKEH EXAMINER 7-8-06	
	Ť	1-8.00	

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-303 (Rev. 7-05) Continuation of 3. NOTE: the new issues inlcude the new limitations to claims 11 & 13, as well as claims 2-6 and 9-10 requiring the limitations of claims 7-8.

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Applicant argues that Hastings does not teach 175 degrees F, or a 60 second hold time. However, it would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art to use a fluid to milk flow ratio of 2:1, a milk velocity of less than 6 ft/sec, and a hold time of at least 60 seconds, in the invention of Hasting since Hasting simply did not recite any specific flow parameters, since Hasting taught adjusting the ratio of flow rates (column 3, lines 29-40), adjusting the milk speed and increasing the hold time (column 4, lines 14-32), and since these flow parameters would have helped ensure full pasteurization of the milk. McElroy teaches a process for pasteurizing milk by using counter-flow regenerative heat exchangers which use the pasteurized milk as the heating medium (Figure 1, #12 & 34) and an about 15 degree F difference between the milk entering (about 160-180 degrees F) and the fluid leaving the heater (Figure 1, #36). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to incorporate the milk heat regeneration and temperature difference of McElroy into the invention of Hasting since both are directed to methods of pasteurizing milk, since Hasting already included a second counter-flow regenerative heat exchanger (Figure 1, #7), since a larger temperature difference would have provided faster heating, and since the use of pasteurized milk as the heating medium would have eliminated the need for the regenerative circuit of Hasting (Figure 1, #9-11), thereby reducing the amount of equipment and energy needed. Applicant argues that Hasting and MCElroy do not mention denaturation of protein. However, both references inherently provided denaturation of protein such as whey since this occurs at temperatures as low as 70 degrees C.

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